The largest monthly sample of residential property prices



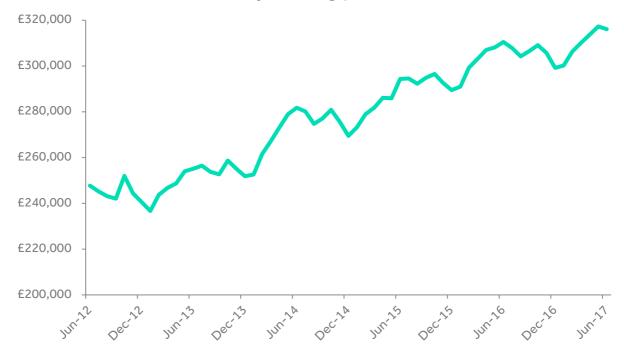
Under embargo 00.01 Monday 19th June 2017

Sales still strong, but prices fall in June for first time since 2009

- The number of sales agreed at this time of year is the second highest for ten years, only slightly lower than the high of May 2014
- However, spring price momentum stalls as price of property coming to market drops by 0.4% (-£1,172), the first fall in June since 2009 at the height of the credit crunch, and the first fall this year
- Some markets struggling against headwinds, whilst others still have following wind despite uncertainty:
 - Northern markets motoring ahead with an 11% increase in sales agreed year-on-year, compared to only a 3% increase in the South
 - First-time buyer sector sees newly-listed prices surge 3.5% month-on-month and 5.5% year-on-year

| National average asking prices | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| Month | Avg. asking price | Monthly change | Annual change | Index | |
| June 2017 | £316,109 | -0.4% | +1.8% | 260.2 | |
| May 2017 | £317,281 | +1.2% | +3.0% | 261.2 | |
| National average asking prices by market sector (excluding Inner London) | | | | | |
| Sector | June 2017 | May 2017 | Monthly change | Annual change | |
| First-time buyers | £199,943 | £193,242 | +3.5% | +5.5% | |
| Second-steppers | £268,685 | £270,953 | -0.8% | +2.7% | |
| Top of the ladder | £566,515 | £569,683 | -0.6% | +1.0% | |

Monthly asking price trend





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Overview

This month sees the number of sales agreed at this time of year up 7% on the same month a year ago, and it is the highest seen in May for ten years with the exception of a slightly better figure in 2014. However, there is a fall in the price of property coming to market of 0.4% (-£1,172), the first price fall at this time of year since 2009, and the first monthly fall this year. As a consequence, the annual rate of price increase has slowed to 1.8%, the lowest since April 2013.

Miles Shipside, Rightmove director and housing market analyst comments: "It now seems certain that we will have continuing political uncertainty, which the housing market traditionally dislikes, and with the first fall in June prices for eight years there is no doubt that the lack of stability is a factor. The price of property coming to the market had increased in June in every year since 2009, so buyer confidence has clearly been affected by inflation outstripping their pay packets and current political events. However, demand is still high and markets in some parts of the country seem to be getting used to coping with instability and are still strong. The high levels of sales being agreed show that the underlying fundamentals are largely unchanged with high first-time buyer demand which drives movement higher up the ladder, all aided by the cheap cost of borrowing."

Markets performing at different speeds and levels depending upon geography and sector

The national average figures conceal large differences between different local markets and property sectors, which appear to be reacting in widely variant reactions to the country's overall air of uncertainty.

The typical first-time buyer sector with two bedrooms and fewer is now the fastest growing sector, and has seen newly-listed prices surge by 3.5% month-on-month and 5.5% year-on-year.

Shipside observes: "Those at the traditional starter level are brushing aside uncertainty, with demand being fuelled by the ongoing desire for home-ownership, government assistance, and mortgage repayments often being cheaper than rent for a similar property. Increasing prices in this sector have not been enough to shake off the wish to own your first home, whilst in contrast sectors higher up the ladder with a larger proportion of discretionary movers have seen the greatest recent price wobbles."

The number of sales agreed compared to a year ago is up markedly more in the northern regions than in the South. All regions are up on the post-stamp-duty lull period of May 2016, with a national uplift of 7%, but the northern average of 11% far outstrips the southern average of 3%. This follows through to property prices with the London (-2.4%) and South East (-0.9%) regions recording the largest monthly falls in the price of property coming to market. These London and South East figures account for a significant proportion of the total market and have dragged down the national figure which would be in positive territory without these two slower-performing regions.

Shipside adds: "The swingometer may be leaning towards a buyers' market in some parts of the country, having been given another tilt in that direction by political uncertainty, but demand for housing and lack of buyer choice are maintaining a sellers' market in others. London and its commuter belt are proving to be a drag on the national figures, but are currently counter-balanced by continuing momentum in other parts of the country. Markets traditionally slow in the second half of the year, and with a slowing in the pace of asking price rises and the forthcoming months of political and economic confusion, the usual slower market in the second half of the year seems to be one of the few certainties in 2017. Having said that, the historic under-supply of the right property at the right price and ongoing strong housing demand are evidenced by buyer enquiries to agents picking up to a degree after the surprise election result. They were 3% higher on the Monday after the election than the Monday before, showing that people are getting on with addressing their housing needs."



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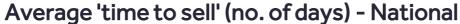
Agent's View

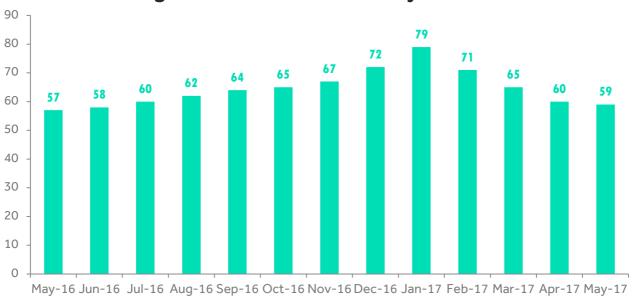
Kevin Shaw, national sales director at estate agency Leaders, comments: "May was a bumper month for Leaders in terms of sales, despite the general election. Since the 8th June, even with the continuing political uncertainty, it's very much business as usual for the property market. Whilst some people may be adopting a wait and see approach, many more are wanting - or needing - to press on with their property transactions. We have, however, started to see a slight hardening of attitude from buyers so sellers need to have realistic expectations and be prepared to be flexible in negotiations."



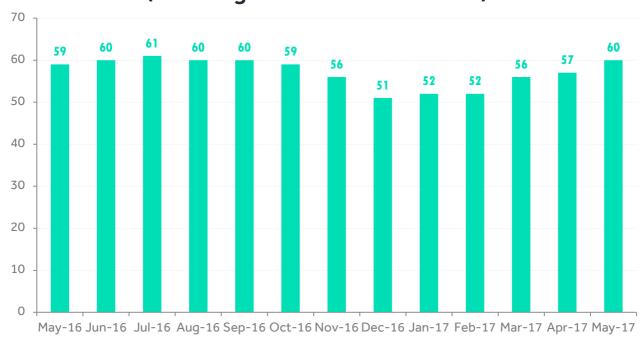
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Average stock per agent (including Under Offer/Sold STC)





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% monthly change in average asking prices



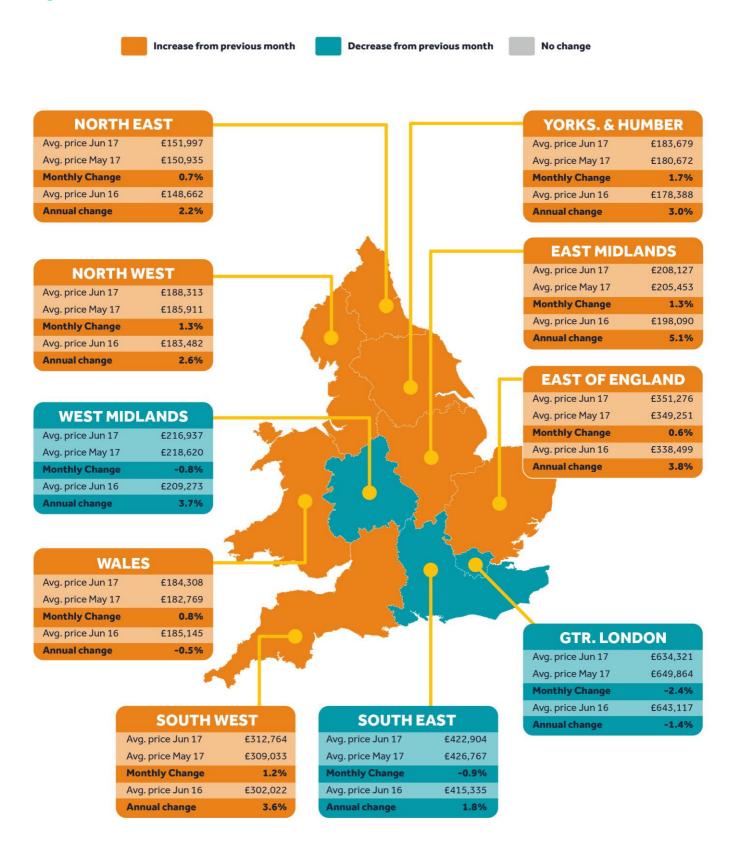
 $Jun-16\ Jul-16\ Aug-16\ Sep-16\ Oct-16\ Nov-16\ Dec-16\ Jan-17\ Feb-17\ Mar-17\ Apr-17\ May-17\ Jun-17\ May-17\ May$



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Regional trends





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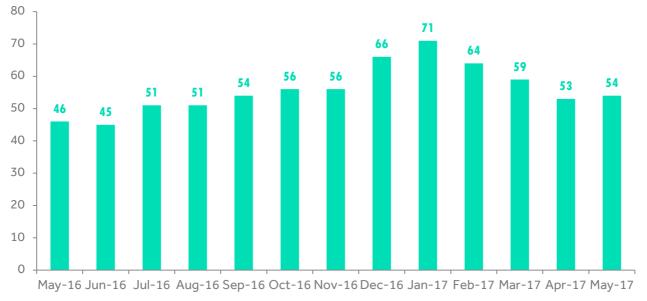
London's best annual performers: June 2017

| Borough | Avg. price Jun 2017 | Avg. price May 2017 | Monthly change | Avg. price Jun 2016 | Annual change |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Kensington And Chelsea | £2,407,461 | £2,263,763 | 6.3% | £2,073,363 | 16.1% |
| Barnet | £733,302 | £737,881 | -0.6% | £665,378 | 10.2% |
| Greenwich | £483,007 | £464,164 | 4.1% | £446,748 | 8.1% |
| Hillingdon | £496,274 | £503,030 | -1.3% | £471,790 | 5.2% |
| Merton | £681,402 | £647,849 | 5.2% | £649,002 | 5.0% |

London's worst annual performers: June 2017

| Borough | Avg. price Jun 2017 | Avg. price May 2017 | Monthly change | Avg. price Jun 2016 | Annual change |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Southwark | £618,286 | £616,487 | 0.3% | £666,199 | -7.2% |
| Kingston upon Thames | £605,041 | £648,625 | -6.7% | £642,770 | -5.9% |
| City Of Westminster | £1,763,214 | £1,844,100 | -4.4% | £1,851,636 | -4.8% |
| Tower Hamlets | £584,160 | £579,634 | 0.8% | £612,339 | -4.6% |
| Islington | £750,784 | £798,379 | -6.0% | £780,970 | -3.9% |

Average 'time to sell' (no. of days) - London





The Rightmove House Price Index The largest monthly sample of residential property prices



London boroughs

| Borough | Avg. price Jun 2017 | Avg. price May 2017 | Monthly change | Avg. price Jun 2016 | Annual change |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Kensington And Chelsea | £2,407,461 | £2,263,763 | 6.3% | £2,073,363 | 16.1% |
| City Of Westminster | £1,763,214 | £1,844,100 | -4.4% | £1,851,636 | -4.8% |
| Camden | £1,177,996 | £1,090,515 | 8.0% | £1,153,801 | 2.1% |
| Hammersmith And Fulham | £995,559 | £1,014,808 | -1.9% | £972,501 | 2.4% |
| Richmond Upon Thames | £863,890 | £885,179 | -2.4% | £833,595 | 3.6% |
| Wandsworth | £807,099 | £804,892 | 0.3% | £806,118 | 0.1% |
| Islington | £750,784 | £798,379 | -6.0% | £780,970 | -3.9% |
| Barnet | £733,302 | £737,881 | -0.6% | £665,378 | 10.2% |
| Merton | £681,402 | £647,849 | 5.2% | £649,002 | 5.0% |
| Hackney | £676,529 | £672,214 | 0.6% | £673,598 | 0.4% |
| Lambeth | £669,793 | £659,933 | 1.5% | £663,340 | 1.0% |
| Ealing | £640,003 | £627,364 | 2.0% | £617,060 | 3.7% |
| Brent | £624,125 | £676,699 | -7.8% | £615,023 | 1.5% |
| Southwark | £618,286 | £616,487 | 0.3% | £666,199 | -7.2% |
| Haringey | £611,295 | £669,540 | -8.7% | £627,767 | -2.6% |
| Kingston upon Thames | £605,041 | £648,625 | -6.7% | £642,770 | -5.9% |
| Tower Hamlets | £584,160 | £579,634 | 0.8% | £612,339 | -4.6% |
| Harrow | £579,348 | £587,383 | -1.4% | £563,941 | 2.7% |
| Hounslow | £550,709 | £541,252 | 1.7% | £569,003 | -3.2% |
| Bromley | £546,980 | £543,568 | 0.6% | £542,418 | 0.8% |
| Hillingdon | £496,274 | £503,030 | -1.3% | £471,790 | 5.2% |
| Lewisham | £489,225 | £490,641 | -0.3% | £473,319 | 3.4% |
| Enfield | £486,789 | £480,955 | 1.2% | £472,435 | 3.0% |
| Waltham Forest | £486,120 | £491,849 | -1.2% | £478,780 | 1.5% |
| Greenwich | £483,007 | £464,164 | 4.1% | £446,748 | 8.1% |
| Redbridge | £476,957 | £472,076 | 1.0% | £465,013 | 2.6% |
| Sutton | £450,710 | £448,637 | 0.5% | £434,218 | 3.8% |
| Croydon | £432,680 | £436,317 | -0.8% | £427,734 | 1.2% |
| Newham | £425,255 | £408,319 | 4.1% | £408,269 | 4.2% |
| Havering | £404,169 | £404,657 | -0.1% | £394,123 | 2.5% |
| Bexley | £376,284 | £375,206 | 0.3% | £361,737 | 4.0% |
| Barking And Dagenham | £307,988 | £314,233 | -2.0% | £299,534 | 2.8% |



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Editors' notes

About the Index:

The Rightmove House Price Index methodology has been refined as of January 2015. The Index now uses new mapping technology to define regions at a postcode rather than postcode district or area level, and the mix adjustment has been updated to reflect the current proportion of stock by property type in each area, to provide even more accurate data. All regional breakdowns are now reported in line with ONS regions. For the purpose of historical comparisons, the historical figures have been restated based on the new methodology.

The Index can now include further breakdowns in the housing market to offer trends at three different sectors of the market: first-time buyer, second-stepper and top of the ladder. Inner London prices have been excluded from this categorisation as the normal housing ladder is not really applicable.

Advertising property for over 90% of all UK estate agents, Rightmove is in a unique position to identify any immediate changes in the market. Rightmove's House Price Index is compiled from the asking prices of properties coming onto the market via over 13,000 estate agency branches listing on Rightmove.co.uk. Rather than being a survey of opinions as with some other indices, it is produced from factual data of actual asking prices of properties currently on the market. The sample includes up to 200,000 homes each month – representing circa 90% of the market, the largest and most up-to-date monthly sample of any house price indicator in the UK. 95% of properties are sold via an agent, whilst only 75% are purchased with a mortgage. The Index differs from other house price indicators in that it reflects asking prices when properties first come onto the market, rather than those recorded by lenders during the mortgage application process or final sales prices reported to the Land Registry. In essence, Rightmove's Index measures prices at the very beginning of the home buying and selling process while other indices measure prices at points later in the process. Having a large sample size and being very up-to-date, the Rightmove Index has established itself as a reliable indicator of current and future trends in the housing market.

Rightmove measured 109,141 asking prices this month, circa 90% of the UK market. The properties were put on sale by estate agents from 14th May 2017 to 10th June 2017 and advertised on Rightmove.co.uk. This month 5,416 properties have been excluded due to being anomalies.

Market sectors explained:

First-time buyer: This figure represents the typical property a first-time buyer would purchase, covering all two bed properties and smaller that come to market (houses and flats).

Second-stepper: This figure represents the typical property of a person moving from their first home, covering all three and four bed properties that come to market (houses and flats) excluding four bed detached houses.

Top of the ladder: This figure represents asking prices at the top end of the market, covering all five bed properties and above (houses and flats), as well as four bed detached houses.

About Rightmove.co.uk:

Rightmove.co.uk is the UK's leading property website, displaying details of homes for sale or rent to the largest online audience. It is consistently ranked the number one property website in the UK (source: Experian Hitwise). It has around 90% of all properties for sale and at any time displays a stock of over one million properties to buy or rent, worth around £270 billion. The Rightmove.co.uk site attracts over 110 million visits from home movers each month who view in excess of 1.5 billion pages (Rightmove data, 2015).

